STRANGER DIES IN SANITARIUM

Body of David Taylor, a Miner, Taken from Private Plunge.

HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE.

Body Found by Companion Who Disappears and Can Not Be Located -Investigation Being Made.

Justice of the Peace Dana T. Smith, police officers and employes of the Sanatarium are today investigating the sudden death of a miner named David Taylor, who died in a private plungo at the Sanitarium between 5 and 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and they are also looking for a stranger who was a companion of Taylor's when the latter applied for a bath. That Taylor died as a result of heart failure and drowning is the opinion of all who know the meager facts in the case.

It was about 5:30 yesterday afternoon when Taylor, a stranger, accompanied by a man whose name has not been learned, went to the Sanitarium and applied for a private plunge. They were attended by W. M. Stevenson, one of the employes, who showed Taylor to a bath. Sanatarium are today investigating the

a bath.

According to Stevenson's statement,
the stranger stated to him that he left
the bath first and last saw Taylor sitting on the steps. When Taylor did
not come out, the stranger returned
to the bathroom, but could see nothing
of the man. Becoming alarmed, he
looked over the platform and saw Taylor's body at the bottom of the pool.
The man called for assistance and the
body was brought to the surface. Life
was extinct and all efforts to revive the
man proved futile. Soon after the man proved futile. Soon after the body was removed from the water, the stranger left.

Both Taylor and his companion were

a bath.

unknown to employes at the Sanitari-um, but it is known that the dead man was a miner and had not been in the city long. He was about 50 years of city long. He was about 50 years of age, slightly gray, weighed about 145 pounds, and 5 feet and 6 inches tar The body was removed to an undertaking establishment by order of Justice Smith. He said this morning that he did not know whether or not an inquest will be held. From all the circumstances surrounding the affair, it is believed that Taylor's death was due to heart failure, and that when stircken he fell into the water and was drowned.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theater—"Coming Thro The Rye" winds up tomorrow night with the usual Saturday matinee.

Orpehum—The excellent bill provided this week continues to draw big and enthusiastic audiences.

The name given to the play that opened a half week engagement at the Grand last evening is not a misnomer. "The Devil," it is called, and devilish it is. It has been called bold, cunning, daring—it is all that and more, it is demoralizing. Starting out with an intimated purpose of showing the hideousness and folly of evil, it paints the path that leads to destruction and death in lurid and fascinating colors and no attempt is made at disillusion. In Corelli's "Sorrows of Satan," men and women are lured to the verge of the precipice but the hand that guides them thither is het hand that seeks to the precipice but the hand that guides them thither is hie hand that seeks to save from the impending destruction; in the story depicted last night on the stage of the Grand theater, there is no high aim or purpose in view at any point. There is no opportunity given for scircw or remorse, in fact the whole trend of the story is, in effect an entravor to show that the saying of old is untrue, "There is a way that seems right unto man, but the end thereof is the way of death." To a thinking mind, the play would, perhaps, not be without its lesson for good, the title itself being sufficient to suggest the source of an unholy alliance, but te the average person, and especially the young, it is unsafe to put such a play upon the boards. There is really but one character in the whole evening's deings, evil predominating throughout and triumphing in the end. Mr. Scott in the leading role has done nothing half see well in his many appearances here. There is little opportunity for any one else in the piece. The bill ends tomorrow night.

Lyric—The Lyric bill continues to draw heavily. The male quartet is the best feature, and some of the charming airs of the "Chimes of Normandy" draw big applause, others are less perfect. A change of bill will be made tomorrow afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Alfred W. Nebeker, a prosperous rancher and stockman from Randolph, Rich county, is in the city on a visit. Two of his sons accompany him.

Dr. George V. Schramm has returned from an extended eastern trip. Don Loftus, a veteran of the Tenth New Hampshire volunteers, has been appointed sergeant-at-arms at Repub-

lican headquarteds. Dr. A. J. Hiskins of Pachuca, Mexico, is a guest at the Knutsford, visiting

friends in this city. Mrs. R. M. McCullom and daughter of Twin Falls, are at the Kenyon.

D. Dudley Jones and wife of Phoenix, Ariz., are at the Kenyon.

E. E. Church of Grand Rapids, Mich. is visiting in this city with his son, V. H. Church of the weather bureau.



Sweet's Society Chocolates

Nothing more appropriate for

PARTIES WEDDING SUPPERS PRESENTS

For any and all occasions.

A SAFETY RAZOR WE CAN RECOMMEND FOR 25c

An cas shave in just a few minute, without disfiguring yourself. A splendid Safety Razor, with one blade, 25c. Five additional SHRP-SHAVE BLADES for 25c

Kinds of Hot Drinks At Our Fountain.



DRUG STORE. The Pure Drug Dispensary 112-114 So. Main Street

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH

Vital Statistics of Salt Lake City For the Month of September.

DEATHS, THIRTEEN ABOVE

Total Pounds of Condemned Food Weighed Over Nine Tons-Sanitary Inspector's Report.

The statement of vital statistics pubished by the board of health, covering September, shows that during the menth there were 98 deaths in this city. This is considerably higher than during any like period since 1892, being 13 more than last year, which up to that time was the highest by 10. The percentage was 13.86 in an annual death rate of 1,000. Of males there were 62; females, 36. General diseases claimed 29; diseases of nervous system, 10; diseases of circulatory apparatus, 5; diseases of respiratory system, 8; diseases of digestive system, 13; diseases of genito-urinary system, 3; early infancy, 10; old age, 6; external causes, 6; ill-defined diseases, 2; malformations, 5; disease of organs of locomotion, 1; bodies shipped away for interment, 24; brought here for interment, 19.

During September there were 136 during any like period since 1892, being During September there were 136 births recorded, males, 66; female, 70; matriage licenses, as shown by county

records, 207.
Other fedtures of the report are as

SANITARY DEPARTMENT. Complaints received and attended Sewer connections made
Inspections for sewer connections... Loads of garbage destroyed at crematory ure disposed of at city garbage Dogs .

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES. Smallpox, 15; scarlet fever, 5; Diphtheria, 7; tuberculosis, 3; pneumonia, 1; typhcid fever, 31; chicken pox, 2; erysipelas, 1; whoopingcough, 25; total,

PROVISION INSPECTOR. Inspections of meat markets..... 103 Inspections of meat markets...
Inspections of fish markets...
Inspections of grocery stores...
Inspections of commission houses.
Inspections of bakeries...
Inspections of hotels
Inspections of dairies...
Inspections of candy mfg inspections of candy mfg

LATE LOCALS.

No Services Sunday-There will be no Sunday school or evening meeting held in the Fourteenth ward meeting house next Sunday on account of the repairs under way of the building.

Talking of Freight Bureau—The special committee of the Commercial club, having in charge the matter of a local freight bureau, is in session this afternoon, at the club discussing the situation, with Mr. Joplin. formerly auditor of freight accounts of the Short Line.

Mrs. McAllister's Funeral-The fun-Mrs. McAllister's Funeral—The fun-eral of the late Mrs. Angeline Mc-Allister, will be held in the Eigh-teenth Ward Chapel at twelve o'clock, noon, Sunday. The remains may be viewed by friends from two till four o'clock Saturday afternoon at the resi-dence of Mrs. Amos S. Gabbott, 1460 South State South State.

Seventeenth Ward-A farewell tes-Sevenceann ward—A farewell tes-timorial will be given in the Seven-teenth ward meetinghouse this evening in honor of Elders Franklin R. Smith and Walter Sidney Beatle, who leave for missions to Great Britain shortly. for missions to Great Britain shortly. The evening's entertainment will begin at 8 o'clock. Among those who will take part are Claribel Gardner, Aften Wright, Edward P. Kimball, Winnifred Smith, Irene Wright, Everett Cutler, Vida Fox. President Jošeph F. Smith will address the gathering and tne departing elders will speak words of farewell to their friends. The evening will close with a dance.

SPIKE AND RAIL.

The first shipment of live stock over the Salt Lake & Ogden, or the Bam-berger line, as it is familiarly called, occurred this week, and consisted of 13 cars of horses shipped from the Four County fair, held last week at Ogden, for the state fair in this city. The train carrying the horses made the trip from Ogden in one hour and three min-

H. H. Sheppard, general western of the Chicago & Alton, is in Salt Lake on business.

S. M. Shattuc, western passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohlo, with headquarters at Denver, is making the rounds of "Rallroad Row" in Salt Lake. M. E. McKirahan, freight claim agent of the Salt Lake Route, with headquarters at Los Angeles, is in Salt Lake on business.

J. G. Doolittle, general agent of the Rock Island and Frisco lines in this city, is in Idaho on a business trip. Herman Bamberger of the S. L. & O. is back from a week's trip to Los An-

SUPERVISION OF RAILROADS

Theodore Shonts Believes in That Or Their Regulation by a Commission.

NO BUSINESS IN POLITICS.

If Tendency That Way Not Checked, Will be Thrown Into Hands of Politicians and Become Prey.

Chicago, Oct., 9.-Business at the losing session of the fourth annual onvention of the Lake to the Gulf Deep Waterways association was transacted today at a rapid rate. The old officers were re-elected with the exeption of D. R. Forgan of Chicago, as a member of board of governor. Mr. Forgan retired in favor of E. S. Conway. Chicago, New Orleans had no opposition for the next convention and it will be held in that city.

After the strenuous proceedings of the last two days only a few delegates were in their seats. The speakers of the day were Theodore P. Shonts of New York and John A. Ockerson of St.

SHONTS' SPEECH.

Mr. Shonts said in part:
"The widening and deepening of the waterway built by nature between the lakes and the gulf has become a matter of national, and in fact, international importance on account of the effect which it promises to have on our commerce with other countries. It is therefore entitled to the active support of every partiet of America.

therefore entitled to the active sup-port of every patriot of America.

"I think I fairly represent the gen-eral sentiment of their officers when I say that the railroads of the country do not look upon your enterprise with unfriendly eyes but we realize that this work finished will make it possible and rothing else short of the expenditure work finished will make it possible and nothing else short of the expenditure of apalling sums of money could, for us to handle the commerce which is certain to follow the return and firm establishment of national prosperity."

Mr. Shonts declared that the greatest obstacle that the steam railroads have to overcome if they are permitted to operate and expand as the traffic of the country grows, is the providing of adequate terminals and the opening of this waterway would greatly aid in the this waterway would greatly aid in the solution of this question.

REGULATION OF RAILROADS. Mr. Shonts spoke in favor of neces-sary laws for wise regulation of rail-roads, and then discussed the idea of physical operation of railroads by com-

missions.
"Therein," said Mr. Shonts, "lies the "Therein," said Mr. Shonts, "lles the greatest thing which our country faces today. Railroads have no business in politics, but if the present tendency is not checked they will ultimately be thrown into the hands of the politicians and become their prey. It is the principle of the operation of railroads by commissions which we are all interested in just now, and I insist that it is a grievous and vicious wrong, that it amounts in the end to confiscation of property without due process of law, that it is filled not with probabilities but with certainties of evil and that it is wholly un-American and a violation of the first principles of free government."

Mr. Shont is declared because of hostile legislation and fear of owners of rallroad securities that they will not be allowed to manage their own property, the railroad development of the coun try is at a complete standstill and there can be no return of prosperity that will stay until the railroads are fairly treated. M. Shonts spoke of the practical operation of transportation lines by commission in New York state. State regulation under such a statute, he said, is in effect state prohibition of new enterprise and state operation of existing railroads. "Rather than see this condition be-

"Rather than see this condition become general and permanent," he said,
"I, as a railroad man, would prefer governmental ownership and operation of the railroads, dangerous as that would be for the maintenance of our

BELIEVES IN SUPERVISION.

"I believe in supervision or regulation by commission. I think the wel-fare of the country and the welfare of the railroads requires the existence of such bodies and that they be clothed with powers sufficiently broad to enable them to effectually protect the public The danger, however, Mr. Shonts said

lies in those sections of the laws which go beyond the point of regulation and place the physical operation of the rail-roads in the hands of the men wholly lacking in the training and experience which such authority demands. In conclusion, Mr. Shonts expressed the belief that the tendency towards operation of railroads by commission is not deep rooted in the public mind and will not long remain after the sub-ject is thoroughly studied.

THE PROUD WIDOW.

"That famous editor and statesman Charles Emory Smith" said a Philadelphia journalist, "was a modest man. He believed in modesty—even in journalism. He thought it paid no better for a newspaper than for a man continually to be bragging. I once drew up tinually to be bragging. I once drew up a prospectus for him. There were several blatantly boastful paragraphs in it, and Mr. Smith ran his pencil through them all. 'If I let this go,' he said, 'it would be pretty nearly as bad as the epitaph that the young widow carved on her aged husband's tomb. This epitaph said: 'Sacred to the memory of John James Greer, aged 84, who departed this life life bitterly regretting that he must leave forever the most beautiful and best of wives.'"

On Aug. 26th, 1968, the Zion's Co-operative Home Building and Real Estate Co. was incorporat-ed with an authorized capital of ed with an authorized capital of \$250,000, of which \$80,420 was paid up. Since then \$40,000 of the stock has been sold at par, so the company now has \$120,000 asthe company now has \$120,000 assets. \$30,000 more stock will be sold at par, or \$1 per share. Owning a lumber yard and having expert men in different departments, the object of this company is to build good houses and make the expense as small as possible to its purchasers, so that the person who earns modest wages may have a home of beauty and comfort. The officers who are Salt Lake men, are George E. Romney, Pres., Miles A. Romney, Vice-Pres., Miles R. Taylor, Serretary, and these with John C. Cutler, Jr., form the board of Diractors. If you want a good investment at the same price the directors paid for their stock, buy one dollar-shares in this company. Now is the time to buy stock if you want a paying investment. If you want to purchase stock, call on our agent, John C. Cutler, Jr., Investment Banker, at No. 239-240 Constitution Bidg. Salt Lake City, Utah. \$30,000 more stock will be

TUBERCULOSIS IS BEING CONQUERED

Wonderful Enlightenment Upon Important Subject Comes From Congress.

CLIMATE NOT A FACTOR.

Proper Regard of Rules of Health Agreed Upon as Weapon With Which to Combat Disease.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 5 .- If every man and woman on earth could know and appreciate the work of the Tuberculosis congress now in session in Washington, consumption would soon be stamped out. Modern sanitary methods and modern ideas have eliminated from the list of human ills many of the diseases which formerly devastated states, countries and nations. The "plague" which depopulated London some centuries ago is practically unknown today. Typhus fever is seldom heard of now and "Yellow Jack," which was always present in Santiago and Havana to the menace of the United States has been almost ellininated since those cities were cleaned up in 1899, as the results of American occupation.

cupation.
The Phthisis experts, who are now in Washington, in attendance upon the congress, are agreed upon one point at least. They are practically unanimous in declaring that plenty of fresh mous in declaring that plenty of fresh air, proper food and ample rest result in the cure of even obstinate cases of consumption. They are also agreed, apparently, that it is not necessary to "change climate." The patient with symptoms of tuberculosis need not leave Chicago, or Washington, New York or Omaha, if he, or she, will observe the rules of health. Absolute rest during the continuance of the fever, which is a certain symptom of the disease, plenty of pure air and absence of worry are the prime requisites. The very ablest practitioners who make tuberculosis their specialty are all agreed upon this and the results of such treatment in Pennsylvania and New York particularly, bear out their claims.

ONE OPEN QUESTION. Yet there still remains an open ques-

Yet there still remains an open question as to the best method of stamping out the cause of the prevalence and spread of "the great white plague."

Among the delegates to the congress now in session here, is Dr. C. E. Dyson of Chicago, who is one of the most eminent veterinary surgeons in the country, and who has devoted much of his time to human as well as bovine tuberculosis, is firmly of the belief that the United States can and should stamp out consumption. "Twenty years ago," he said today, "pleuro-pneumonia and the 'foot and mouth' disease among cattle were common in every section of the country. mon in every section of the country. The causes of those diseases were unknown. But the remedy was easily ascertained. It consisted solely in the slaughter of every heard affected, and, slaughter of every heard affected, and, under authority vested in it by the Congress of the United States the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture proceeded to kill and pay for every affected animal. The result? Today there is not a known case of either of those contagious diseases in any herd of cattle in America.

"On the other hand, it is known positively that 17 per cent of all the dairy

of the other hand, it is known pos-itively that 17 per cent of all the dairy cattle, from which the milk supply of the city of New York is obtained, are cows suffering from tuberculosis, Many cities have adopted ordinances which assure the consumer of milk against the cow with tuberculosis. But there is no guarantee backed by federal au-thority that the consumptive cow of Iowa or Illinois does not furnish the butter or milk for Milwaukee or New York

DISEASE IN COWS.

"The federal laws protect the consumer of meat and meat products from the danger of consuming the flesh of diseased animals, provided of course that the animal is slaughtered in an establishment which is under government supervision. But the reports made to the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture show that of all the carcasses of beef cattle inspected 90 per cent of those condemn-ed are cows. As less than 30 per cent of cattle slaughtered in the establish-ments under redered inspection are cows, it follows that the geater number of cows probably killed for food by local butchers are tainted with the bacillus of the dread disease.

TRUE ALSO OF HOGS. "The same is true of hogs, especially those which are bred and fed on dairy farms. It has never been demonstrated a human being contracted conthat a human being contracted con-sumption from eating meat of an ani-mal affected by tuberculosis. There are two prime reasons for this. In the first place a degree of heat suffi-cient to properly cook pork or beef will certainly destroy the bacilli of consumption. Again the disease at-tacks the lymphatic glands and the treeers and those are parts not usually consumption. Again the disease attacks the lymphatic glands and the viscera and those are parts not usually eaten. But, on the other hand, the hogs slaughtered by the packers of Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Buffalo and other points which are condemned by the federal inspectors are almost always traced back to dairy farms, and frequently to the experiment stations. The natural inference is that these hogs contract disease from infected cattle. Now if a hog can contract consumption from drinking the milk of a cow infected with tuberculosis it follows that an infant may be, and undoubtedly is, equally susceptible to contract the disease from a like source. Consequently it would appear to be the duty of the federal government to step in and absolutely prohibit the traffic in milk and dairy products, butter and cheese, from one state to butter and cheese, from one state to another without federal inspection of the herds which supply the dairy pro-

CAN LOCATE DISEASE.

"It has been demonstrated, beyond the shadow of a doubt, that an animal suffering from tuberculosis can be picked out. But the trouble lies in the picked out. But the trouble lies in the fact that the disease is most prevalent among the high grade "pampered" animals. The owners resent the idea of federal interference and up to the present time they have fought against federal, state and municipal inspection. A cow suffering from pleuropneumonia or foot and mouth disease soon dies. When she is worn out she is still salable for beef to the local butcher and the owner suffers no

loss. The result is that the owner, through ignorance, stupidity or both, resists any inspection proposition which might affect his pocket, and in this, especially when he owns high-bred animals, he is aided and abetted by the agricultural press in which he usually advertises the products of his herds

r sale. "We are today on the eve of a revo-"We are today on the eve of a revolution in our sanitary methods and I believe that before the tuberculosis congress adjourns it will take steps toward calling the attention of the country and of the world to the necessity for legislation which will protect the consumer from danger through the use of infected milk and butter. The time when such legislation will be enacted is, in my judgment, fast approaching and then the first great step towards the absolute eradication of tuberculosis will have been taken. Ilerht h?dirte amsi -ano hho

BALK AN SITUATION AFFECTS MARKET

New York, Oct. 9 .- The opening stock market today reflected the renewed uneasiness abroad over the warlike outook in eastern Europe. Stocks with an international market were most affected, fraction to 11/2. Canadian Pacific suffered to the extent of a 41/2 point decline, National Lead 314. Stocks were unloaded

freely in all parts of the list. After the first batch of selling orders had been executed the market re-covered itself somewhat and hardened fractionally. Another break in the Harriman stocks started liquidation anew and forced prices to a lower level than at the opening. Southern Pacific broke 2%. Union Pacific 2%. Amaigamated Copper 2% and Erie first preferred and American Smelting 2. The market was ruling a good fraction above the lowest at 11 o'clock, but was duller. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Saulte Ste Marie preferred advanced 3 points.

Foreign selling pressure subsided and a scramble to cover shorts by the bears caused a nervous rally. Prices rose to within fractional limits of last night's closing. and forced prices to a lower level than

within fractional limits of last night's closing.
Rock Island preferred, after falling 2½, rebounded to 2½ over last night. The trading became dull again at noon. Bonds were weak.
Persistent buying of Union Pacific and Eric lifted them a point above yesterday's closing and pulled the rest of the list up so that there was no evidence left of the early severe losses. American Locomotive rose i.
Profit-taking in Union Pacific sent it fractionally below yesterday's closing and affected the general market slightly. A later rise in Union Pacific to about the highest failed to revive the activity. activity
The market closed slightly irregular
and dull. Rock Island preferred 3% to
above 48, but as Union Pacific sold off
to the general list refused to respond.

LIVESTOCK.

OMAHA.

OMAHA.

Omaha, Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 900;
market steady. Western steers, 3.25@5.60;
Texas steers, 3.004.50; cows and helfers.
2.50@3.90; canners, 2.00@2.85; stockers
and feeders, 2.50@4.60; calves, 3.00@5.00;
bulls and stags, 2.25@3.10.
Hogs—Receipts, 3.700; market steady,
to 5c. higher: Heavy, 6.20@6.50; mixed,
6.15@6.20; lights, 6.00@6.25; pigs, 3.50@
5.50; bulk, 6.15@6.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 2.100; market steady,
Yearlings, 4.40@5.00; wethers, 4.00@
4.75; ewes, 3.25@4.50; lambs, 5.25@6.10.

KANSAS CITY. KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Oct., 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; market strong. Stockers and feeders, 2.80 4.80; bulk, 2.25 (3.50; calves, 3.50 (6.75; western steers, 3.30 (6.75; western steers, 3.30 (6.75; bulk, 2.25 (6.75); bulk of sales, 5.80 (6.75); beavy, 6.35 (6.50; packers and butchers, 6.00 (6.50; lights, 5.75 (6.20; pigs, 4.00 (7.55)); bulk, 5.25. 5.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market 10c. low-er. Muttons, 3,75@4.25; lambs, 4.50@6.00; range wethers, 3.50@4.50; fed ewes, 3.25

CHICAGO. Chicago, Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts about 25,000; market steady. Beeves. 3.40@7.40; Texans. 3.30@4.75; westerns. 3.15@3.75; stockers and feeders. 2.90@4.60; cows and helfers. 1.60@5.35; calves. 6.00@8.50. Hogs—Receipts about 15,000; market steady to a shade higher. Lights. 5.70@6.40; mixed. 5.80@6.65; heavy. 5.85@6.10; rough. 5.85@6.10; good to choice heavy. 6.10@6.70; pigs. 3.25@5.40; bulk of sales. 6.00@6.30. Sheep—Receipts about 10,000; market tesses—Receipts about 10,000; market 6.00 @ 6.30. Sheep—Receipts about 10,000; market weak to 10c. lower. Natives, 2.50 @ 4.35; westerns, 2.50 @ 4.30; yearlings, 4.30 @ 4.30; lambs, 4.00 @ 6.15; western, 4.00 @ 6.20.

WOOL.

ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, Oct. 9.-Wool, firm. Territory and western mediums, 17@20; fine mediums, 15@17; fine, 12@14. PRODUCE.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—An advance of more than 1 cent occurred in wheat prices on the local exchange today as a result of a big general demand inspired by a fear of an European war growing out of the trouble between Turkey and Bulgaria. Continued drouth in the winter wheat section of this country also helped to strengtien the market. Early in the session December advanced to 101% and May to 1.04%. The opening on December was up ½ to ¾ at 1.01 to 1.01½. Trade in corn was also active and the market was strong chiefly on account of the bulge in wheat. Leading bulls were active bidders but offerings were meager. December opened ¼ 0¼ higher at 65½ and advanced to 85½.

Oats were bullishly affected by the strength of wheat and corn, but prices advanced only a trifle. December opened a shade higher at 43%, and sold at 49% (49½).

Trade in provisions was quiet and the market was steady, prices at the opening being a shade lower to 2½ cents higher.

Close—Wheat—Dec., 1.00% @1.01; May, 1.03%; July, 63%.

Oats—Dec., 49%; May, 61%@51¼; July, 47%.

Oats—Dec., 12.87½ @13.90; Dec., 14.07½;

Oats—Dec., 43%; May, 61%@614; 6414;

Pork—Oct., 13.87½ @13.9; Dec., 14.07½;

Jan., 16.65; May, 15.87½.

Lard—Oct., 9.95; Nov., 10.00; Jan., 9.55;

May, 9.50.

Rlbs—Oct., 9.12½; Jan., 8.47½ @8.50.

Rys—Cash, 76.

Barley—Cash, 56½ @61.

Tlimothy—Oct., 3.50@3.60.

Clover—Oct., 8.80.

BUTTER AND EGGS. Chicago, Oct. 2.—Butter — Steady. Freameries, 20½ @ 27½; dairies, 18½ @ 24. Eggs—Steady. Firsts, 22.

New York, Oct. 9.—Sugar, raw, quiet. Fair refining, 3.43@3.48; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.33@3.98; molasses sugar, 3.18@ Refined—Quiet. Crushed, 5.70; powdered, 5.10; granulated, 5.00. Coffee—Quiet. No. 7 Rio, 6¼; No. 4 Santos, 9%.

SUGAR AND COFFEE.

EVAPORATED FRUITS.

Conference and Fair Visitors will be interested in

McDONALD'S SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE, ON THE MARKET NOW FOR THE FIRST TIME. POUND 40c: HALF POUND 20c.

Soluble ground chocolate will readily take the place of coffee in the home. It is better, more healthful. The taste is rich and satisfying. Take a package home with you.

Here is a suggestion to visitors: As a souvenir send home or take home with you a box of McDonald's world known Merry Widow Chocolates. McDonald, Salt Lake, makes the best grade that is before the public today.

Apricots are perhaps the steadlest item in the list of California fruit, with choice quoted at \$\frac{14}{4} \@ 8\frac{1}{2}; extra choice, \$24 \@ 9; fancy, 10\empty 10\empty

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCKS.

New York, Friday, Oct. 9. Amalgamated Copper ...
American Car & Foundry ...
American Locomotive ...
American Smelting & Retining ...
American Sugar Retining prd ...
American Sugar Retining ...
Anaconda Mining Co. Anaconda Mining Co.
Atchison
Atchison pfd
Baltimore & Ohio
Brooklyn Rapid Transit
Canadian Pacific
Chesapeake & Ohio
Chicago Northwestern
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul.
Colorado Fuel & Iron
Colorado & Southern
Delaware & Hudson, bid
Denver & Rio Grande
Denver & Rio Grande
Denver & Rio Grande pf. reat Northern pfd reat Northern Ore Ctfs Great Northern Ore Ctfs
Illinois Central
International Met.
Interborough Met. pfd
Louisville & Nashville
Missouri Pacific
Missouri Pacific
National Biscuit, bid
National Biscuit, bid
National Lead
Northern Pacific
Pacific Mall
Pennsylvania
People's Gas
Pressed Steel Car
Pullman Palace Car
Readinge Readinge Rock Island Co. Rock Island Co. pfd Rock Island Co. pid
Southern Pacific
Southern Rallway
Uniton Pacific
United States Steel
United States Steel pfd
Wabash
Western Union, bid
Standard Oil

TODAY'S MONEY MARKET.

New York, Oct. 9.—Close; Money on call easy 1 a 1-4 per cent; rul-ing rate 1 1-4; closing bid, 1; offered at 1 1-1. at 1 1-4.

Time lopus, stronger; 60 days, 2
1-2 per cent; 90 days, 3 1-4; six
months, 3 1-2 a 3-4.

Prime mercantile paper, 4 1-4 a 1-2 Sterling exchange excited with actual business in bankers' bills at \$485.15 a 25 for 60 day bills and \$486.85 for demand.

8486.85 for demand. Commercial bills, \$4.84 3-4 a 4.35. Bar silver, 51 3-8. Mexican dollars, 45, Government bonds steady.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral over the remains of Margaret M. Howard will be held in the Eighth ward chapel, Friday, Oct. 9, 1908, at 2 p. m. The death occurred at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Clark, 675 Eighth avenue.

THOMPSON.—In this city, Oct. 8, 1908, at 1154 Cleaveland avenue, Matilda Thompson, in her sexentieth year. She is survived by three sons and three daughter.

Funera lisevices will be beld Sunday at the Sugar House ward chapel at 12 noon. Interment in city cemetery.

MALONEY.—In this city, Oct. 7, 1908,
Thomas Maloney, son of Richard Maloney, 402 south Eighth West in his
sixteenth year.
Funeral services will be held from St.
Mary's cathedral, South Temple, corner of B street, today, Friday, Oct. 9,
at 2 p. m. Interment at Calvary cemetery.

WALLIS.—In this city, Oct. \$, 1908, Louise W. Wallis, in her sixticth year. Funeral service will be held from the S. D. Evans mortuary chapel, 48 south State street, today, Friday, Oct. \$, at 10:30 a. m. Interment at Mt. Olivet.

M'DOUGALL.—In this city, Oct. 8, 1908, at his residence, 165 M street, a native of Canada, aged 61 years. Funeral services will be held from the S. D. Evans mortuary chapel, 48 south State street, Saturday, Oct. 10, at 3 p. m. Interment private, at Mt. Olivet cemetery, Lincoln Neb., papers, please cony.

SMITH.—In this city, Oct. 8, 1908, Henrietta B. Smith, aged 18 years, 1 month and 29 days.

Services were held today from the residence, 314 south Twelfth East. The remains will be shipped to Oconomowoc, Wis., today, on the 12:20 p. m. train, for interment.

R. E. Evans, Florist, 36 S. Main St.

Union Dental Co.

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THE RICHT MOVE!

A commission of the most prominent English and German physicians have declared that the germs in Milk may contract Consumption, Typhoid Fever, Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever. The Elgin Dalry Creamery & Supply Co., have just installed in their plant one of the latest upto-date pasteurizers. All their milk and cream is now pasteurized, heated to 180 degrees, and immediately cooled to 50 degrees, making all their products absolutely pure. lutely pure.
Pure Milk is the greatest life giving food. Why not buy the best. Ask for ELGIN DAIRY

WE HAVE just received a shipment of the finest underwear ever turned off the loom. This includes the well known Dr. Wrights' Health Garments—Cooper Spring Needle, Globe and Worsteds.

Choose from these specials:

Men's Shirts and Drawers, Worsted Derby Ribbed, special the suit Men's Spring Needle Worsted Shirts and Drawers, \$2.50 special the suit Wright Spring Needle Shirts and Drawers, the \$3.50 Cooper's Spring Needle Shirts and Drawers, the \$4.00 Natural wool Double Seated Drawers, the \$3.25 Wright's Fleeced Health Underwear, the \$3.00 Mentor non-shrinking Union . \$3.00 \$3.00 Globe fine Worsted Unions, Drop \$1.25 Globe heavy cotton

These prices are so moderate when you consider wearing quality and comfort.

WE ARE THE BIG KNIT GOODS HOUSE OF UTAH.

Salt Lake Knitting Co.

58 MAIN STREET

BUSINESS, REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING Excavation has begun on the lot north of the Tuxedo building on State street, where Dr. J. T. White is about

to erect a large garrage.

fire hose washing in a lot of coal from the place where the coal caught fire, through a burned out cellar win-dow and down onto a car load of stoves belonging to the Z. C. M. I. The Home Fire Insurance company is adjusting the water loss in the Z. C. M. I. warehouse back of the Jennings bock. This was caused by day last year,